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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



**Railway applications – Electromagnetic compatibility –
Part 3-2: Rolling stock – Apparatus**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**RAILWAY APPLICATIONS –
ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY –****Part 3-2: Rolling stock – Apparatus****FOREWORD**

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as “IEC Publication(s)”). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 62236-3-2 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 9: Electrical equipment and systems for railways.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2008. It constitutes a technical revision and has been developed on the basis of EN 50121-3-2:2015.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) clarification of scope (Clause 1);
- b) new definition of ports and clarification in Tables 1 to 5;
- c) emission requirement extended in the frequency range 1 GHz to 6 GHz following IEC 61000-6-4;
- d) immunity requirement extended in the frequency range 5,1 GHz to 6 GHz;
- e) revision of Annex B.

This International Standard is to be read in conjunction with IEC 62236-1.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
9/2338/FDIS	9/2368/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62236 series, published under the general title *Railway applications – Electromagnetic compatibility*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

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- withdrawn,
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- amended.

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RAILWAY APPLICATIONS – ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY –

Part 3-2: Rolling stock – Apparatus

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62236 applies to emission and immunity aspects of EMC for electrical and electronic apparatus intended for use on railway rolling stock. IEC 62236-3-2 applies for the integration of apparatus on rolling stock.

The frequency range considered is from DC to 400 GHz. No measurements need to be performed at frequencies where no requirement is specified.

The application of tests ~~shall~~ depends on the particular apparatus, its configuration, its ports, its technology and its operating conditions.

This document takes into account the internal environment of the railway rolling stock and the external environment of the railway, and interference to the apparatus from equipment such as hand-held radio-transmitters.

If a port is intended to transmit or receive for the purpose of radio communication (intentional radiators, e.g. transponder systems), then the ~~radiated emission and immunity limits in this standard at the communication frequency do not apply~~ requirement in this document is not intended to be applicable to the intentional transmission from a radio-transmitter as defined by the ITU.

Immunity limits do not apply in the exclusion bands as defined in the corresponding EMC related standard for radio equipment.

This document does not apply to transient emissions when starting or stopping the apparatus.

The objective of this document is to define limits and test methods for electromagnetic emissions and immunity test requirements in relation to conducted and radiated disturbances.

These limits and tests represent essential electromagnetic compatibility requirements.

Emission requirements have been selected so as to ensure that disturbances generated by the apparatus operated normally on railway rolling stock do not exceed a level which could prevent other apparatus from operating as intended. The emission limits given in this document take precedence over emission requirements for individual apparatus on board the rolling stock given in other standards.

Likewise, the immunity requirements have been selected so as to ensure an adequate level of immunity for rolling stock apparatus.

~~The levels do not however cover extreme cases which may occur with an extremely low probability of occurrence in any location. Specific requirements which deviate from this standard shall be specified.~~

Test requirements are specified for each port considered.

These specific provisions are ~~to be~~ used in conjunction with the general provisions in IEC 62236-1.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60571:2012, *Railway applications – Electronic equipment used on rolling stock*

IEC 61000-4-2:2008, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrostatic discharge immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-3:2006, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques – Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-3:2006/AMD1:2007

IEC 61000-4-3:2006/AMD2:2010

IEC 61000-4-4:2012, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-5:2014, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques – Surge immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-5:2014/AMD1:2017

IEC 61000-4-6:2013, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques – Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields*

IEC 61000-4-30:2015, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-30: Testing and measurement techniques – Power quality measurement methods*

~~IEC 61000-6-1, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-1: Generic standards – Immunity for residential, commercial and light industrial environments*~~

IEC 61000-6-4:2006, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-4: Generic standards – Emission standard for industrial environments*

IEC 61000-6-4:2006/AMD1:2010

IEC 62236-1:2018, *Railway applications – Electromagnetic compatibility – Part 1: General*

IEC 62236-3-1:2018, *Railway applications – Electromagnetic compatibility – Part 3-1: Rolling stock – Train and complete vehicle*

~~CISPR 11, *Industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment – Electromagnetic disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement*~~

~~CISPR 16 (all parts), *Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods*~~

CISPR 16-2-1:2014, *Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 2-1: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity – Conducted disturbance measurements*

~~CISPR 22, Information technology equipment – Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement~~

CISPR 32:2015, *Electromagnetic compatibility of multimedia equipment – Emission requirements*

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Railway applications – Electromagnetic compatibility –
Part 3-2: Rolling stock – Apparatus**

**Applications ferroviaires – Compatibilité électromagnétique –
Partie 3-2: Matériel roulant – Appareils**

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COMMISSION ÉLECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

**APPLICATIONS FERROVIAIRES –
COMPATIBILITÉ ÉLECTROMAGNÉTIQUE –****Partie 3-2: Matériel roulant – Appareils****AVANT-PROPOS**

- 1) La Commission Electrotechnique Internationale (IEC) est une organisation mondiale de normalisation composée de l'ensemble des comités électrotechniques nationaux (Comités nationaux de l'IEC). L'IEC a pour objet de favoriser la coopération internationale pour toutes les questions de normalisation dans les domaines de l'électricité et de l'électronique. A cet effet, l'IEC – entre autres activités – publie des Normes internationales, des Spécifications techniques, des Rapports techniques, des Spécifications accessibles au public (PAS) et des Guides (ci-après dénommés "Publication(s) de l'IEC"). Leur élaboration est confiée à des comités d'études, aux travaux desquels tout Comité national intéressé par le sujet traité peut participer. Les organisations internationales, gouvernementales et non gouvernementales, en liaison avec l'IEC, participent également aux travaux. L'IEC collabore étroitement avec l'Organisation Internationale de Normalisation (ISO), selon des conditions fixées par accord entre les deux organisations.
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La Norme internationale IEC 62236-3-2 a été établie par le comité d'études 9 de l'IEC: Matériels et systèmes électriques ferroviaires.

Cette troisième édition annule et remplace la deuxième édition publiée en 2008. Elle constitue une révision technique et a été développée sur la base de EN 50121-3-2:2015.

Cette édition inclut les changements techniques significatifs suivants par rapport à l'édition précédente:

- a) clarification du domaine d'application (Article 1);
- b) nouvelles définitions des accès et clarification dans les Tableaux 1 à 5;
- c) exigences d'émissions étendues dans la plage de fréquences 1 GHz à 6 GHz, suivant l'IEC 61000-6-4;

- d) exigences d'immunité étendues dans la plage de fréquences 5,1 GHz à 6 GHz;
- e) révision de l'Annexe B.

Cette Norme internationale doit être lue conjointement avec l'IEC 62236-1.

Le texte de cette Norme internationale est issu des documents suivants:

FDIS	Rapport de vote
9/2338/FDIS	9/2368/RVD

Le rapport de vote indiqué dans le tableau ci-dessus donne toute information sur le vote ayant abouti à l'approbation de cette norme.

Ce document a été rédigé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 2.

Une liste de toutes les parties de la série IEC 62236, publiées sous le titre général *Applications ferroviaires – Compatibilité électromagnétique*, peut être consultée sur le site web de l'IEC.

Le comité a décidé que le contenu de ce document ne sera pas modifié avant la date de stabilité indiquée sur le site web de l'IEC sous "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" dans les données relatives au document recherché. A cette date, le document sera

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APPLICATIONS FERROVIAIRES – COMPATIBILITÉ ÉLECTROMAGNÉTIQUE –

Partie 3-2: Matériel roulant – Appareils

1 Domaine d'application

La présente partie de l'IEC 62236 s'applique aux aspects d'émission et d'immunité de CEM des appareils électriques et électroniques destinés à être utilisés à bord du matériel roulant ferroviaire. L'IEC 62236-3-2 s'applique pour l'intégration des appareils à bord du matériel roulant.

La plage de fréquences concernée va du courant continu à 400 GHz. Aucune mesure n'est nécessaire aux fréquences pour lesquelles aucune exigence n'est spécifiée.

L'application des essais dépend des appareils eux-mêmes, de leur configuration, de leurs accès, de leur technologie et de leurs conditions de fonctionnement.

Le présent document prend en compte l'environnement interne du matériel roulant ferroviaire et l'environnement externe du système ferroviaire, ainsi que les perturbations affectant les appareils provenant d'équipements tels que les émetteurs radioélectriques portables.

Si un accès est destiné à émettre ou recevoir des communications radio (émetteurs intentionnels de rayonnement, par exemple, systèmes de balise), alors les exigences relatives aux émissions rayonnées du présent document ne s'appliquent pas à la transmission intentionnelle à partir d'un émetteur radio tel que défini par l'UIT.

Les limites d'immunité ne s'appliquent pas dans les bandes d'exclusion telles que définies dans la norme CEM correspondante pour les équipements radio.

Le présent document ne s'applique pas aux émissions de transitoires lors du démarrage ou de l'arrêt des appareils.

L'objectif du présent document est de définir les limites et les méthodes d'essai concernant les émissions électromagnétiques et les exigences relatives aux essais d'immunité en matière de perturbations conduites et rayonnées.

Ces limites et ces essais représentent les exigences essentielles de compatibilité électromagnétique.

Les exigences relatives aux émissions ont été choisies pour assurer que les perturbations générées par l'appareil qui fonctionne normalement à bord du matériel roulant ferroviaire ne dépassent pas un niveau qui pourrait empêcher d'autres appareils de fonctionner comme prévu. Les limites d'émission données dans le présent document l'emportent sur les exigences relatives aux émissions des appareillages individuels embarqués sur le matériel roulant données dans les autres normes.

De la même manière, les exigences relatives à l'immunité ont été choisies pour assurer un niveau approprié d'immunité pour les appareils du matériel roulant.

Les exigences relatives aux essais sont spécifiées pour chaque accès considéré.

Ces dispositions spécifiques sont utilisées avec les dispositions générales données dans l'IEC 62236-1.

2 Références normatives

Les documents suivants cités dans le texte constituent, pour tout ou partie de leur contenu, des exigences du présent document. Pour les références datées, seule l'édition citée s'applique. Pour les références non datées, la dernière édition du document de référence s'applique (y compris les éventuels amendements).

IEC 60571:2012, *Applications ferroviaires – Équipements électroniques utilisés sur le matériel roulant*

IEC 61000-4-2:2008, *Compatibilité électromagnétique (CEM) – Partie 4-2: Techniques d'essai et de mesure – Essai d'immunité aux décharges électrostatiques*

IEC 61000-4-3:2006, *Compatibilité électromagnétique (CEM) – Partie 4-3: Techniques d'essai et de mesure – Essai d'immunité aux champs électromagnétiques rayonnés aux fréquences radioélectriques*

IEC 61000-4-3:2006/AMD1:2007

IEC 61000-4-3:2006/AMD2:2010

IEC 61000-4-4:2012, *Compatibilité électromagnétique (CEM) – Partie 4-4: Techniques d'essai et de mesure – Essai d'immunité aux transitoires électriques rapides en salve*

IEC 61000-4-5:2014, *Compatibilité électromagnétique (CEM) – Partie 4-5: Techniques d'essai et de mesure – Essai d'immunité aux ondes de choc*

IEC 61000-4-5:2014/AMD1:2017

IEC 61000-4-6:2013, *Compatibilité électromagnétique (CEM) – Partie 4-6: Techniques d'essai et de mesure – Immunité aux perturbations conduites, induites par les champs radioélectriques*

IEC 61000-4-30:2015, *Compatibilité électromagnétique (CEM) – Partie 4-30: Techniques d'essai et de mesure – Méthodes de mesure de la qualité de l'alimentation*

IEC 61000-6-4:2006, *Compatibilité électromagnétique (CEM) – Partie 6-4: Normes génériques – Norme sur l'émission pour les environnements industriels*

IEC 61000-6-4:2006/AMD1:2010

IEC 62236-1:2018, *Applications ferroviaires – Compatibilité électromagnétique – Partie 1: Généralités*

IEC 62236-3-1:2018, *Applications ferroviaires – Compatibilité électromagnétique – Partie 3-1: Matériel roulant – Trains et véhicules complets*

CISPR 16-2-1:2014, *Spécifications des méthodes et des appareils de mesure des perturbations radioélectriques et de l'immunité aux perturbations radioélectriques – Partie 2-1: Méthodes de mesure des perturbations et de l'immunité – Mesures des perturbations conduites*

CISPR 32:2015, *Compatibilité électromagnétique des équipements multimédia – Exigences d'émission*